Midwifery Emergency Skills Program (MESP) Team Action Checklist

Undiagnosed Twins / Breech	Primary attendant:	
\rightarrow Check each action performed by	2 nd attendant:	
either 1 st or 2 nd attendant	Checked by:	

- □ Immediately palpates and confirms presence, lie and presentation of 2nd twin. It will be breech.
- □ States would NOT give oxytocin for AMTSL until twin born.
- □ Clamps and cuts umbilical cord of delivered twin A when dichorionic not confirmed.
- Does NOT take cord blood or unclamp cord articulates concern for chorionicity / TTTS
- □ Calls for help and communicates clearly what is happening to all present.
 - Asks family / partner to call EMS / 911 immediately
 - Asks 2nd to call hospital and consultant team
 - Asks 2nd to document
- \Box Auscultates FHR or asks 2nd to do so as continuously as possible.
- □ Indicates would consider ECV to longitudinal lie if transverse.
- □ Performs internal exam:
 - Wants info: presentation, dilatation, station, membranes, cord?
- □ Communicates with & reassures parents re breech presentation and plan to transfer.
- \Box Asks 2nd to initiate 16-18G IV with LR or NS does not bolus just tkvo
- □ If appropriate for community draws blood for CBC, cross match
- □ Considers inserting foley catheter if time
- □ Monitors vitals, continuous fetal HR by IA
- □ Prepares for transport and identifies equipment to bring
 - o Doppler, Birth instruments, Oxytocic, Ergot, Blood samples, if drawn
 - o NB Resuscitation equipment
 - Health records,
- Performs internal exam if: urge to push, abnormal FHR , bleeding, to assess progress/ RO cord.
- Directs 2nd to prepare for neonatal resuscitation
- $\hfill\square$ ICD with client / recommend AMTSL / directs 2^{nd} to prepare to do so
- Discourages active pushing until breech on perineum
- □ Stays Calm, Quiet, does not interfere. Discourages active pushing. Watch time.
- □ Positions when breech on perineum let it hang: Upright: all fours or Supine: edge of bed
- □ Considers episiotomy if progress impeded see timeline:

- □ Refers to *Walker Algorithm timelines and interventions*.
- Notes time of rumping (7 m). Notes time of hips (5 m) Notes time of umbilicus (3 m)
 BABY will
 NOT turn tum to bum.
- AFTER umbilicus Recognizes need to assist with legs if frank breech usually unlikely
 - Demonstrates modified Pinard Maneuver see images
- □ AFTER umbilicus, tum to bum **rotation does NOT happen**. No descent.
 - o hand placement prayer hands or Lovset is first time to touch breech
- □ Recognizes role of cleavage plain / and lack of = extend arms
- Demonstrates rotational manoeuvres to release arms appropriately -watch hand placement:
 - Upright: flat prayer hands on chest and spine/ shoulder girdle, turns in direction infant faces
 delivers anterior arm (NOT posterior)
 - Supine: Lovset with hand placement over bony pelvis –
 - Rotates does not pull Ensures ends up tum to bum with both arms down.
- $\hfill \Box$ Allows body to descend with active pushing
 - o Allows body to hang / sit until junction of neck/occiput visible / arms born

Upright / all fours:

- □ baby hangs to sit, stay close to support head falling forward as chin/ nose/ eyes/ brow/ vault are spontaneously born by flexion with contraction.
- □ Should do **shoulder press** mid-subclavicular space or distal clavicles -see images + Butt lift

Supine:

- □ When sub-occipital viewed, stop pushing ask them to pant / breathe
- □ Performs Mariceau-Smellie-Viet (MSV) maneuver
 - One arm supports chest with 2 fingers against malar bones and middle finger of other hand placing pressure on occiput to increase flexion (push back of head forward, opposite hand pulls malar bones down) – while face if born chin to forehead.
- \Box 2nd can apply suprapubic pressure while body lifted in slow arc to allow SLOW birth of head

AFTER Birth

- Double Clamp Twin B cord immediately re: possible TTTS. Notes DCC for singleton breech
- □ Evaluates need for neonatal resuscitation (if singleton breech with intact cord)
- □ Active management third stage / anticipate PPH
- Delivers both placenta together: Applies gentle CCT on both cords, guarding uterus after signs of separation and confirmed uterine contraction. Consider adding oxy 20units to 1litre to run in over several hours.