Supporting Patients & Providers in a Sea of Health Misinformation

June 27, 2024 | 1830–2000 PT

NOTE: The webinar (and audio) will start at 6:30PM



DISCLOSURES

Planning Team

- Dr. Bob Bluman (UBC CPD): No conflicts of interest
- Kathryn Young (UBC CPD): No conflicts of interest
- Caldon Saunders (UBC CPD): No conflicts of interest

Panelists

- · Krishana Sankar: No conflicts of interest
- **Timothy Caulfield:** Has received funding from CIHR, Stem Cell Network, Genome Canada, Canadian Cancer Society, Canadian Biomedical Research Fund (gov. of Canada) for peer reviewed research grants (held by University of Alberta) to support research and engagement activities. Is a member of Speaker's Spotlight bureau, a speaker agency that organizes talks. Financial relationships are **unrelated** to this webinar.
- **Thomas Piggott:** Has received funding from Multiple Sclerosis International Federation in research funding, Public Health Agency of Canada to support the development of the Canadian Post-COVID Condition guidelines, and World Health Organization to support operations/staffing to evaluate improvement in transparency of the Essential Medicine List. Financial relationships are **unrelated** to this webinar.

DISCLOSURES

Panelists continued

- Cheryl Peters: Expert group on occupational cancer burden in the Netherlands (TNO University). Compensated by TNO University for time for role on expert group. This role is unrelated to work in this webinar; Member of advisory board for Evict Radon National Study. Does not receive payment for this role. Role is unrelated to the content of this webinar. Received funding from Canadian Institutes of Health Research Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council, Canadian Cancer Society, WorkSafeBC Workers' Compensation Board of Manitoba, Provincial Health Services Association, Canadian Partnership Against Cancer Government of Alberta (Alberta Health). All of these organizations have funded (or currently fund) research project grants held on topics related primarily to occupational and environmental disease prevention. The SSHRC funding was for a project on cancer myths, and the CCS funding is for a current grant on cancer prevention misinformation, which are relevant topics to the topic. Neither SSHRC nor CCS have any influence on the research design nor dissemination of any results of those studies.
- Marco Zenone: Has received direct financial payments from Health Law Institute, University of Alberta where employed as a research associate. Received funding for CIHR, Canadian Cancer Society where listed as a trainee or collaborator on several grants under the organizations. Received postdoctoral funding from CIHR (Banting; starting Sep 2024). Financial relationships are unrelated to this webinar.
- **Bruce Hobson:** Received payment from UBC CPD, Doctors of BC, PainBC, Health Excellence Canada, PHSA, Cowichan Divisions of Family Practice, Health Data Coalition for roles as Medical Director, Medical Lead, Committee Member. These roles have **no influence on program or content.**

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Detect and manage sources of health misinformation
- Support your patients navigate health misinformation
- Recommend resources to help clinicians and patients assess the reliability of health information sources

Timothy Caulfield

CM, FRSC, FCAHS | Canada Research Chair in Health Law and Policy; Professor, Faculty of Law and School of Public Health; and Research Director, Health Law Institute



Dr. Thomas Piggott

MD, PhD, CCFP, FRCPC | Medical Officer of Health and CEO, Peterborough Public Health



Dr. Cheryl Peters

Senior Scientist (Cancer Prevention), BCCDC and BC Cancer; Assistant Professor, School of Population & Public Health, UBC; Assistant Professor in Oncology and Community Health Sciences, University of Calgary



Known (to science!) cancer risk factors















(not enough)

0% 50% 100%

Untrue (or unproven) cancer risk factors (selected)



 0%
 50%

 100%

Known (to science!) cancer prevention factors



 0%
 50%

 100%

Untrue (or unproven) cancer prevention factors (selected)









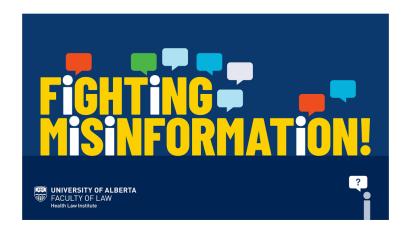
Marco Zenone

PhD Student, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine; Research Associate, University of British Columbia



About Me





My research can be found here.

Research Focus: Health Disinformation

My (very brief) talk today: To discuss how cancer patients are advertised unproven and questionable cancer treatments on Google and Meta





JOURNAL ARTICLE EDITOR'S CHOICE

Use of Alternative Medicine for Cancer and Its Impact on Survival

Skyler B Johnson ▼, Henry S Park, Cary P Gross, James B Yu

JNCI: Journal of the National Cancer Institute, Volume 110, Issue 1, January 2018, Pages 121-124, https://doi.org/10.1093/jnci/djx145

Published: 10 August 2017 Article history ▼

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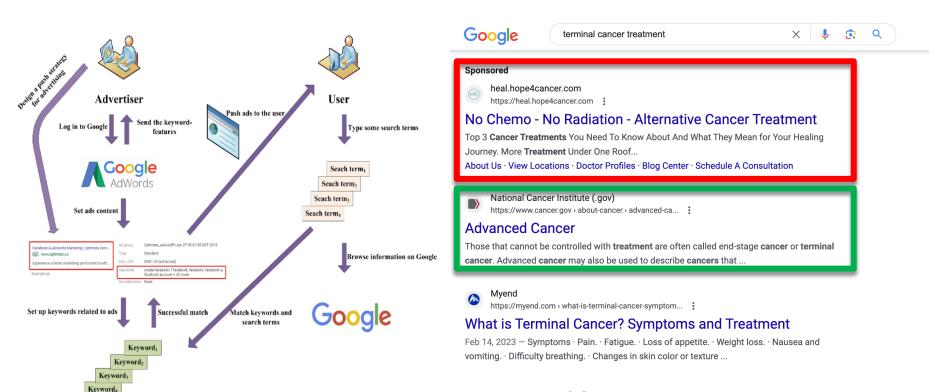
Abstract

There is limited available information on patterns of utilization and efficacy of alternative medicine (AM) for patients with cancer. We identified 281 patients with nonmetastatic breast, prostate, lung, or colorectal cancer who chose AM, administered as sole anticancer treatment among patients who did not receive conventional cancer treatment (CCT), defined as chemotherapy, radiotherapy, surgery, and/or hormone therapy. Independent covariates on multivariable logistic regression associated with increased likelihood of AM use included breast or lung cancer, higher socioeconomic status, Intermountain West or Pacific location, stage II or III disease, and low comorbidity score. Following 2:1 matching (CCT = 560 patients and AM = 280 patients) on Cox proportional hazards regression, AM use was independently associated with greater risk of death compared with CCT overall (hazard ratio [HR] = 2.50, 95% confidence interval [CI] = 1.88 to 3.27) and in subgroups with breast (HR = 5.68, 95% CI = 3.22 to 10.04), lung (HR = 2.17, 95% CI = 1.42 to 3.32), and colorectal cancer (HR = 4.57, 95% CI = 1.66 to 12.61). Although rare, AM utilization for curable cancer without any CCT is associated with greater risk of death.

Ad Targeting

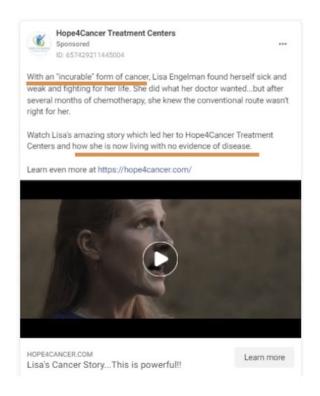


Google Enables Advertisers to Target the Sensitive Informational Search Queries of Cancer Patients



Bottom line: The content of Google searches = matched to ad keyword

Advertising Alternative Cancer Treatments on Meta Social Media Platforms



Example statements signifying that the offered cancer treatment is effective for curative or life-prolonging purposes, or treatment offered has cured or prolonged life in patients.

Sample excerpts

- . "From hospice to healed! CHIPSA saves another cancer patient."
- "It really was just about the 2-week mark where I really had noticeable improvement in how I felt, and my breast lump started shrinking so that was pretty amazing."
- "Craig was diagnosed with colorectal cancer and came to the Budwig Center in August 2014 to receive treatment pursue the natural approach. Just a year later, in May 2015, the doctors shared with some good news: his cancer had totally disappeared."
- . "Eight years later: Bailey O'Brien shares how she be terminal melanoma at CHIPSA."
- · "Aaron's stage IV glioblastoma survivor story."
- "My oncologist didn't believe It was possible to cure my cancer, thanks to Immunity Therapy Center I proved him wrong!"
- "11 weeks after treatment, his tumor had virtually disappeared and John has not had a recurrence since."
- "But nearly two years after her initial diagnosis, and treatment at CHIPSA, Amanda is still alive to share her story, and remarkably, she's cancer free!"
- "Rebecca's battle with thyroid cancer led her to seek a more integrative approach. She found Verita Life Thailand. Following treatment at our clinic in Bangkok, today, she is cancer-free."
- "How Michelle overcame breast cancer with immunotherapy based on dendritic cells: "I've been gettling treatments for about a month and there is no evidence of the tumour whatsoever"
- . "Envita totally saved my life."
- "I stayed the full 6 weeks just to get all the good therapies and it took me to a place of being cancer free."
- . I came in here with stage 4 colorectal cancer, I'm leaving cancer free."
- . "Find out like I did yesterday that my tumor is gone."

Textbox 1. Example statements signifying that the offered cancer treatment is effective for curative or life-prolonging purposes, or treatment offered has cured or prolonged life in patients.



Bottom line: The more cancer patients engage with cancer-related content = more likely to see alt. ads

Take Home Messages: Unproven Cancer Treatments are Advertised to Patients in the Online Spaces they Seek Information and Support

Groups at Particular Risk: Patients with Late & End
Stage Cancers

What Needs to Happen: (1) Holding Platforms Accountable & (2) Active Monitoring/Debunking

Krishana Sankar

PhD | Science Advisor & Community Partnerships Lead, ScienceUpFirst Initiative

